PROPOSITIONS

behorende bij het proefschrift

Quality of Pressure Ulcer Care in Indonesian Hospitals

Yufitriana Amir, 9 December 2015

1. Evaluating the quality of pressure ulcer care helps to improve care more than only assessing the prevalence of pressure ulcers (this dissertation, Chapter 2).

2. In contrast to what is often expected, the prevalence of nosocomial pressure ulcers in Indonesian hospitals is relatively low and is comparable to prevalence rates in western hospitals (this dissertation, Chapter 5).

3. Improving the quality of pressure ulcer care requires changes throughout the entire care chain, from community care to hospital care (this dissertation, Chapter 5).

4. Pressure ulcer care is a multidisciplinary responsibility and requires the involvement of patients and families (this dissertation, chapter 2, and 4).

5. Even in 2015, Donabedian’s model of quality of care is still applicable and still widely used to assess quality of care (this dissertation, Chapters 1, 4, 6, and 7).

6. Numbers tell us a lot but not everything (this dissertation, Chapter 6).

7. Regular prevalence measurements of pressure ulcers and other health care problems help raise awareness and allow for trends to develop (this dissertation, Chapter 6, and valorization).

8. Studies like the LPZ-International can bridge the gap between science and daily practice (this dissertation, valorization).

9. When everything is a priority, nothing is a priority (Simon Fulleringer).

10. It always seems impossible until it’s done (Nelson Mandela).

11. A PhD life is neither paradise nor hell. It is getting lost in the jungle, after which you develop your knowledge, build your skills, learn to work with others and strengthen your heart to find a way out.